

## Finance Commission

- The Finance Commission is a constitutionally mandated body set up under Article 280 of the Constitution to evaluate the state of finances of the union and state governments, recommend the sharing of taxes between them and lay down the principles of determining the distribution of these taxes among them.
- The Finance Commission has a chairman and four members appointed by the president.
- In November 2017, president of India constituted the 15th Finance Commission and appointed former planning Commission member NK Singh as its chairman.

## 11th Finance Commission (2000-2005)

The four main recommendations of the 11th Finance Commission [Chairman - Prof. A.M. Khera]

- (i) The Imbalance of Federal Finance
  - If highlights the fact that there has been a serious deterioration in the fiscal situations of the states in the 1990s, and identified the structural causes of this deterioration.
  - (a) Erosion of the tax-GDP ratio
  - (b) the virtual stagnation of non-tax revenues.
  - (c) On the expenditure side it has critical the periodic upward revision of emoluments of govt. employees without adequate consideration of the ability of public sector to bear the burden.

### (ii) Revenue Mobilisation

- Suggested constitutional measures for widening  
the tax base:  
Services should be brought under the  
present law and the limits for  
professional taxes should be taken out  
of Article 276.

- Parshayals should be more responsible for  
levy of taxes on fairies, escares and land taxes,  
primarily - Cen as land-based taxes, and other state  
taxes, and duties may be levied to mobilise  
resources for augmenting specific civic services.
- A 10% surcharge on sales tax, entertainment tax  
and state excise may give significant additional  
revenue and should be managed by local bodies.

### (iii) Sharing of Tax Revenues

\* The allocation formula is based on population,  
distance and index of escape and index of  
backwardness.

- It has set the relative weightage for population  
to 10%, and for tax effort to 5%. It has raised the  
index of infrastructure to a weightage of 7.5%. A  
novel idea thrown up is the introduction of a 7.5%  
relative weightage for fiscal discipline.

To discuss its various aspects without  
any hindrance stampede of questions especially if we  
address which will be phidewell to

### Reduction of Resource Allocations

- It has suggested a reduction in resource allocations to Tamil Nadu, Andhra Pradesh, Maharashtra and Gujarat. Correspondingly, there will be an increase in the allocations to Bihar, UP, MP, West Bengal and Odisha.

\* Finance Commission regulates grants-in-aid of the revenues of the states under Article 275.

- It has fixed the total share of states in all taxes at 29.5% and also recommended a significantly higher level of grants-in-aid to deficit states, notably Bihar.